1	WHEREAS, the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) has been
2	an effective and successful program in meeting the energy needs of low-income elderly,
3	disabled, veterans and poor working households, and those making the difficult transition
4	from welfare to work, throughout the United States, including Florida; and
5	WHEREAS, LIHEAP is not an entitlement, but rather a targeted block grant program
6	which provides flexible Federal-State partnerships and is the foundation for many programs
7	authorized by state public utility commissions to assist low-income customers to meet their
8	bill payment obligations through direct assistance; to prevent service terminations during
9	cold and hot weather emergencies; to make the transition from public assistance to economic
10	self-reliance; to help low-income households remain economically self-sufficient; and
11	WHEREAS, federal LIHEAP funding has declined from \$5.1 billion in 2010 to \$3.4
12	billion in 2015; and
13	WHEREAS, less than 135,000 Florida households received LIHEAP assistance in
14	2014, or less than ten (10%) of all eligible; and
15	WHEREAS, according to the National Energy Assistance Directors Association, many
16	low-income families "will have few choices but to cut back on essential necessities, such as
17	medicine, food, and clothing"; and
18	WHEREAS, The National Energy and Utility Affordability Coalition (NEUAC) and
19	other consumer advocate groups support increased LIHEAP funding and have asked that
20	LIHEAP funding be increased to \$4.7 billion for FY 2016, which is the fully authorized
21	funding level approved in the Energy Policy Act of 2005; and
22	
23	WHEREAS, another impactful solution to increase Florida's share of funding, without
24	increasing the overall federal LIHEAP budget, is for Congressional budget appropriators to
25	simply "follow enabling law" - the allocation formula actually prescribed by Congress.
26	Florida and other states (especially warm weather states) in great need would see a
27	significant increase in their LIHEAP share, as the enabling law recognizes the dangers of

extreme heat as well as extreme cold. It also factors in energy costs and the most recent

demographics of population and poverty. In fact, the Congressional Research Service's latest

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1	\$38.5 million in LIHEAP funding - or 55% - if appropriations adhered to LIHEAP's enabling
2	law. This is with no increase in the current federal funding total of \$3.39 billion.
3	
4	NOW THEREFORE IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED BY THE VILLAGE
5	COMMISSION OF THE VILLAGE OF BISCAYNE PARK, FLORIDA, AS
6	FOLLOWS:
7	Section 1. The foregoing "WHEREAS" clauses are hereby ratified as true and
8	correct and incorporated herein by this reference.
9	Section 2. The Village Commission of the Village of Biscayne Park urges
10	the Appropriations Committee of the United States House of Representatives and Congress
11	to appropriate LIHEAP funding of at least \$3.39 billion in the FY 2016 budget; and that
12	Congress follow the enabling law when determining appropriations by state.
13	Section. 3. That a copy of this resolution be sent to all members of
14	Congress, seeking their support continued funding for this program.
15	Section 4. This Resolution shall take effect upon adoption.
16	
17	PASSED AND ADOPTED this 10 <sup>th</sup> day of November, 2015.
1 /	TASSED AND ADOLTED this To day of November, 2013.
18	
19	The foregoing resolution upon being
20 21	put to a vote, the vote was as follows:
22	Mayor Coviello: Yes
23	David Coviello, Mayor Vice Mayor Anderson: Yes
24	Commissioner Jonas: Yes
25 26	Attest: Commissioner Ross: Yes Commissioner Watts: Yes
26 27	
28	Mana C. Caman
29	- Comar
30	Maria C. Camara, Village Clerk
31	
32 33	Approved as to form:
34	Approved as to form.
35	// // An
36	
37	John J. Hearn, Village Attorney
38	John J. Hearn, Village Attorney